

Integrated Transceiver 2.1 - 2.7 GHz

MD58-0005

V1.A

Features

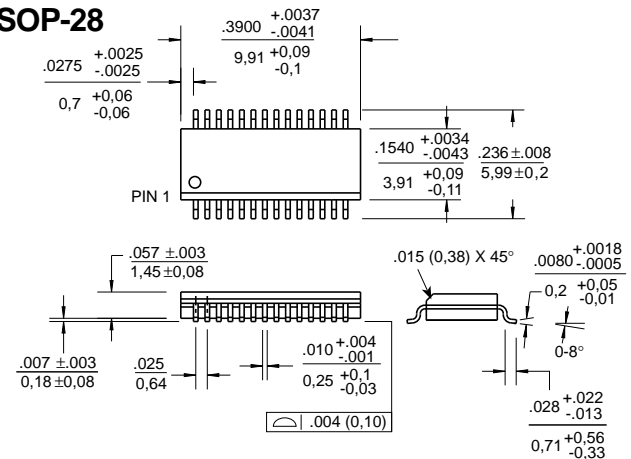
- Fully Integrated Transmit and Receive Functions
- Operates Over +3 V to +5 V Supply
- Low 22 mA Receive Current (Gain = 15 dB)
- High Receiver Dynamic Range (IIP₃ = -2 dBm, SSB NF = 4dB)
- On-Chip Receive Image Rejection (18 dB @ 350 MHz IF)
- Low Transmit Mode Current: 40 mA @ 5 V
- Transmit Spurious In-Band, -70 dBc
- Receive, Transmit & Standby Operation Modes
- Low Cost SSOP 28-Lead Plastic Package

Description

M/A-COM's MD58-0005 is a highly integrated front end transceiver with exceptional RF performance. The transceiver is ideally suited for FSK or linear systems in the 2.4 - 2.5 GHz ISM band. The receive functions include an LNA, image reject filter and balanced mixer for high data rate applications. The transmit chain utilizes single ended or balanced IF input to drive the upconverting balanced mixer and an RF combiner to provide exceptional output spurious performance. The transceiver applications include WLAN, WPBX and portable data collection terminals, where battery operation demands low current consumption. The transceiver can be used stand-alone for low-power transmission, or in conjunction with M/A-COM's AM55 Series 2.4 GHz power amplifiers for high power applications. The MD58-0005 is a single ended drop-in replacement for the MD58-0001 transceiver.

The MD58-0005 is a GaAs MMIC and is fabricated using an industry standard 1-micron process. This process features full chip passivation for increased performance and reliability.

SSOP-28



Dimensions are inches over millimeters.

Ordering Information

| Part Number | Description |
|--------------|------------------------------|
| MD58-0005 | SSOP 28-Lead Plastic Package |
| MD58-0005TR | Forward Tape & Reel* |
| MD58-0005RTR | Reverse Tape & Reel* |
| MD58-0005SMB | Designer's Kit |

*If specific reel size is required, consult factory for part number assignment.

Typical Electrical Specifications

Test Conditions: RF = 2.4 - 2.5 GHz, IF = 350 MHz, LO = -5 dBm, V_{DD} = +5 V ±5%, V_{GG} = -5 V ±10%⁴, T_A = +25°C

| Parameter | Test Conditions | Units | Min. | Typ. | Max. |
|--|---|-------|-----------------|------|------|
| Receive Mode | | | | | |
| RF Frequency Range | IF output impedance ¹ externally matched to 50Ω | GHz | 2.4 | | 2.5 |
| IF Frequency Range | | MHz | 50 ⁴ | | 400 |
| Conversion Gain | | dB | 11 | 15 | |
| SSB Noise Figure | | dB | | 3.9 | 5.5 |
| Input P _{1dB} | | dBm | | -11 | |
| V _{DD} (+5V) Current | | mA | | 22 | 35 |
| V _{GG} (-5V) Current | | mA | | 0.5 | 1.5 |
| Transmit Mode | | | | | |
| RF Frequency Range | IF input ² of -8 dBm | GHz | 2.4 | | 2.5 |
| IF Frequency Range | | MHz | 200 | | 400 |
| RF Output Power | | dBm | | 0 | |
| LO Leakage Level | | dBm | | -18 | |
| Output Spurious Levels in RF Band ³ | | dBc | | -65 | |
| V _{DD} (+5 V) Current | | mA | | 40 | 60 |
| V _{GG} (-5 V) Current | | mA | | 0.5 | 1.5 |
| Standby Mode | | | | | |
| V _{DD} (+5 V) Current | | mA | | 0.5 | 1.5 |
| V _{GG} (-5 V) Current | | mA | | 0.5 | 1.5 |

1. The receive IF output impedance is 300 ohms. An external LC circuit is used for impedance matching and bias injection.

2. The transmit IF input impedance is 100 ohms, single ended.

3. In-band spurious, 7IF and 2 LO-5IF.

4. Image rejection for IF down to 200 MHz.

Absolute Maximum Ratings¹

| Parameter | Absolute Maximum |
|-----------------------|---|
| Max. Input Power | +20 dBm |
| Operating Voltages | $V_{DD} = 6\text{ V}$ $V_{GG} = -6\text{ V}$ |
| Operating Temperature | -40°C to +85°C |
| Storage Temperature | -65°C to +150°C |

1. Exceeding these limits may cause permanent damage.
2. Ambient temperature (T_A) = +25°C

Transceiver Truth Table

| Pins | Receive Mode | Transmit Mode | Standby Mode |
|------------------|--------------|---------------|--------------|
| 4, 13 (Rx LOGIC) | 1 | 0 | 0 |
| 3, 16 (Tx LOGIC) | 0 | 1 | 0 |
| 28 (LO LOGIC) | 1 | 1 | 0 |

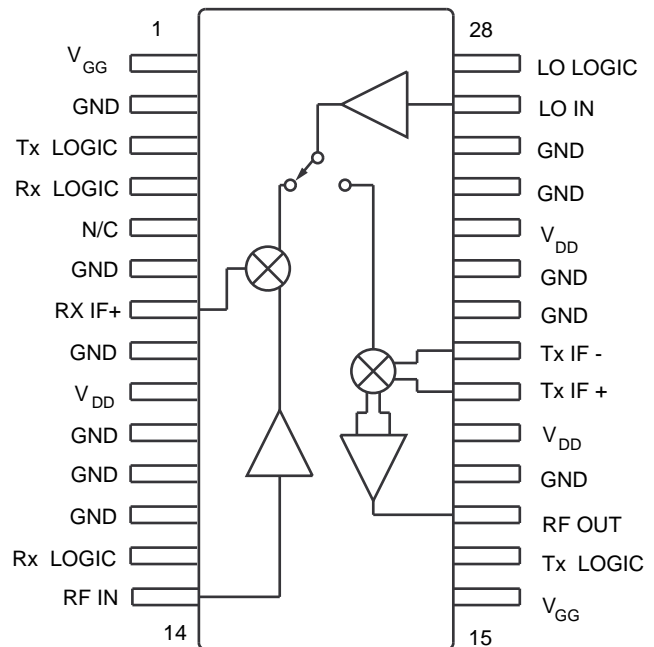
"0" = -5 V @ 100 μ A Typ. to -6 V @ 200 μ A Typ.

"1" = 0 V to -0.2 V @ 100 μ A Typ.

Pin Description

| Pin No. | Pin Name | Description |
|---------|----------|--|
| 1 | V_{GG} | Negative Supply Voltage (-5 V) |
| 2 | GND | DC and RF Ground |
| 3 | Tx LOGIC | Logic control line for transmit functions |
| 4 | Rx LOGIC | Logic control line for receive functions |
| 5 | N/C | No Connection |
| 6 | GND | DC and RF Ground |
| 7 | Rx IF + | Receive IF output, second of two balanced IF outputs, external LC match and bias injection |
| 8 | GND | DC and RF Ground |
| 9 | V_{DD} | Positive Supply Voltage (+5 V) |
| 10 | GND | DC and RF Ground |
| 11 | GND | DC and RF Ground |
| 12 | GND | DC and RF Ground |
| 13 | Rx LOGIC | Logic control line for receive functions |
| 14 | RF IN | RF input to the receive LNA, internally AC coupled, $Z_{in} = 50\ \Omega$ |
| 15 | V_{GG} | Negative Supply Voltage (-5 V) |
| 16 | Tx LOGIC | Logic control line for transmit functions |
| 17 | RF OUT | Transmit RF output, internally AC coupled, $Z_{out} = 50\ \Omega$ |
| 18 | GND | DC and RF Ground |
| 19 | V_{DD} | Positive Supply Voltage (+5 V) |
| 20 | Tx IF + | Single ended transmit IF input, or first of two balanced IF inputs, externally AC coupled |
| 21 | Tx IF - | Transmit IF input, second of two balanced IF inputs, externally AC coupled |
| 22 | GND | DC and RF Ground |
| 23 | GND | DC and RF Ground |
| 24 | V_{DD} | Positive Supply Voltage (+5 V) |
| 25 | GND | DC and RF Ground |
| 26 | GND | DC and RF Ground |
| 27 | LO IN | LO buffer input, internally AC coupled, $Z_{in} = 50\ \Omega$ |
| 28 | LO LOGIC | Logic control line for LO buffer functions |

Functional Diagram



The Preliminary Specifications Data Sheet Contains Typical Electrical Specifications Which May Change Prior to Final Introduction.

General Information

The MD58-0005 is a highly integrated MMIC transceiver designed for the 2.4 - 2.5 GHz ISM band. The transceiver provides exceptional RF performance while consuming low DC current and is packaged in low cost plastic package. It is ideal for light weight battery operated portable radio systems.

The receive chain consists of an LNA, image reject filter, balanced mixer and a single ended IF output buffer. The entire receiver consumes only 22 mA while achieving 15 dB gain and 4 dB of SSB NF with an IIP3 of 0 dBm. The transmit chain consists of a double-balanced mixer and RF combiner to provide low in-band output spurious while consuming only 40 mA. The LO signal is amplified by an on-chip buffer and injected to the receive and transmit mixers by a LO switch.

The RF output, RF input and LO input ports are designed for a 50-ohm impedance. All RF ports are internally AC coupled. The receive IF output impedance is 300 ohms. For the Receive IF output, external components are used for impedance matching and bias injection. The transmit IF inputs are designed for 100-ohm impedance (200-ohm differential).

Transceiver Operation Modes

The transceiver is designed for three modes of operation, transmit, receive and stand-by. These modes are set by using three logic lines: one for receive, a second for transmit and a third logic line for the LO buffer. These logic lines allow rise times within micro seconds for fast “turn-on” and “turn-off” of each function. (See the transceiver truth table for logic and voltage levels.)

Bias Sequence

The transceiver bias sequence is as follows. Always make the ground connection first, then apply the V_{GG} supply voltage. After the V_{GG} supply voltage, connect all logic lines to the logic “0” so the transceiver will bias up in the stand-by mode when the positive supply is connected. Then apply the V_{DD} supply voltage and change the logic levels as desired.

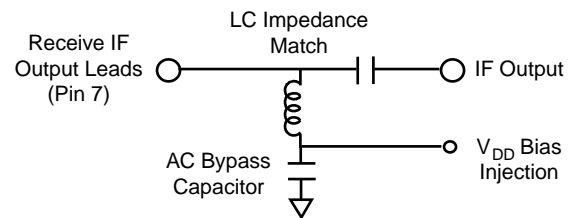
External Components and Circuit Board Layout

This data sheet contains a suggested PCB layout and schematic to follow when designing a full radio board. For more detailed information, contact the number listed below. The external components serve two basic functions. The first purpose is to bypass the power supply lines since all power supply lines require external capacitive bypass to present an AC short over a wide frequency band. The second use is for LC matching/bias injection for the receive IF output, as described below.

Receive IF Output Impedance

The receiver is designed for an output impedance of 300 ohms. The receive IF output also requires a V_{DD} bias. Using an external “LC match,” as shown in the figure below, the IF output impedance matching and bias injection can be accommodated simultaneously. The table below shows suggested matching elements for various IF frequencies when matching to 50 ohms. Element values may vary slightly depending on component vendor and radio board layout.

Receive IF Output Matching



Receive IF Frequency Matching

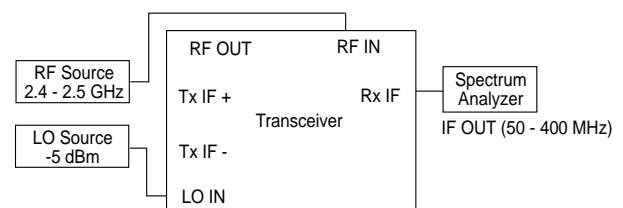
| IF Frequency (MHz) | Shunt Inductor | Series Capacitor |
|--------------------|----------------|------------------|
| 200 - 249 | 90 nH | 6 pF |
| 250 - 299 | 68 nH | 4 pF |
| 300 - 349 | 58 nH | 4 pF |
| 350 - 400 | 47 nH | 3 pF |

Test Set-Up Information

The following two figures illustrate the test set-up suggested for transceiver evaluation, indicating the power levels used for the data displayed in the typical performance figures.

Receive Test Set-Up

The receive gain is measured as the total combined IF output power. Receiver small signal gain measurements are made for -20 dBm RF input power. The figure below shows the typical receiver test set-up. The LO drive level is -5 dBm. Transmit ports should be terminated in 50 ohms.



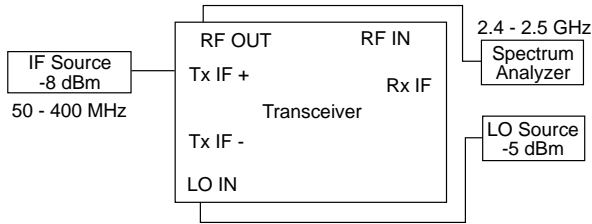
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Transmit Test Set-Up

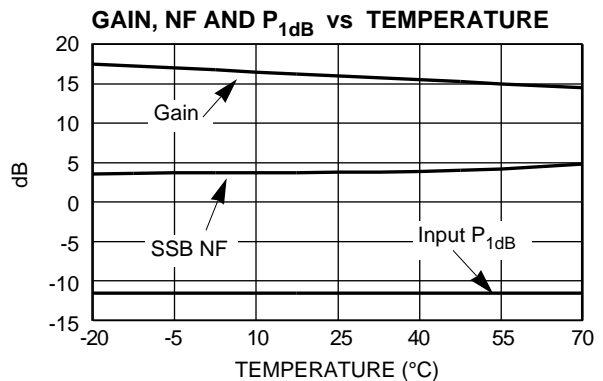
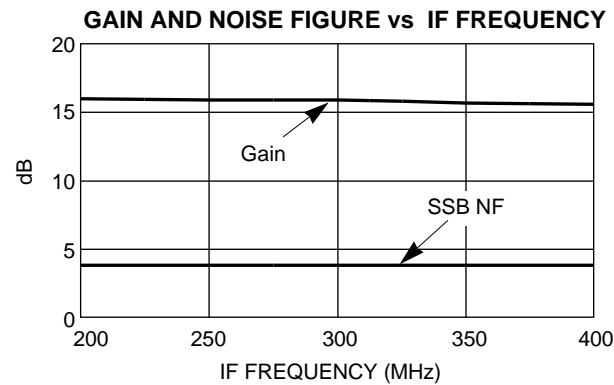
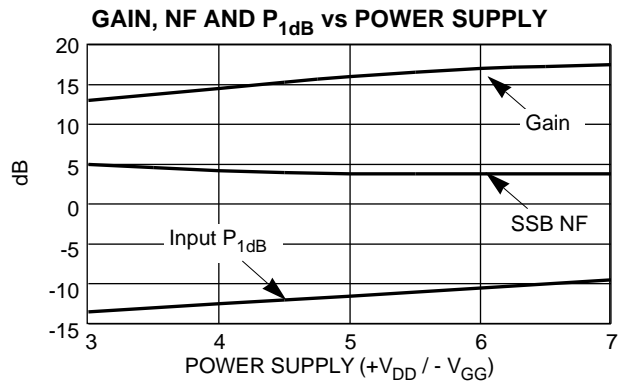
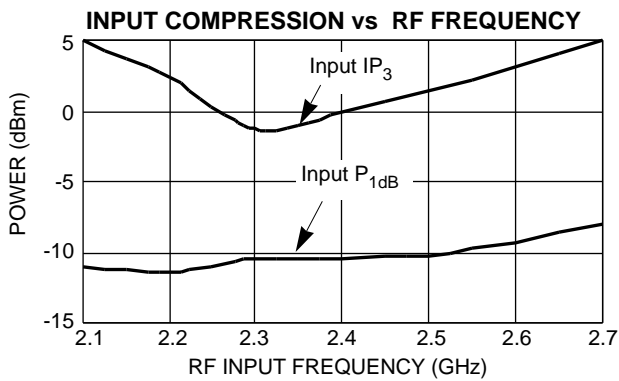
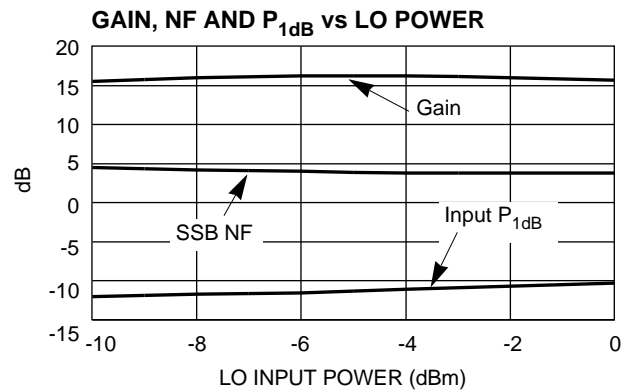
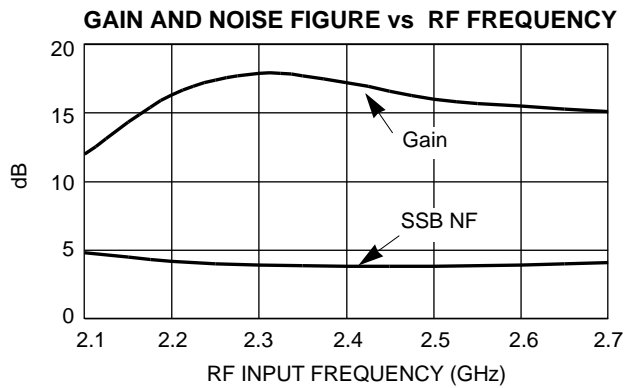
The IF input power level is typically -8 dBm and the LO input power level is -5 dBm. Receive ports should be terminated in 50 ohms.



Typical Measured Results

Measured results for a typical board mounted transceiver sample are shown in the performance curve section of this data sheet. The measurements were made using the test set-up described above for receive and transmit. The board used for these measurements is the MD58-0005SMB, or transceiver evaluation board. This evaluation board can be ordered for engineering evaluation.

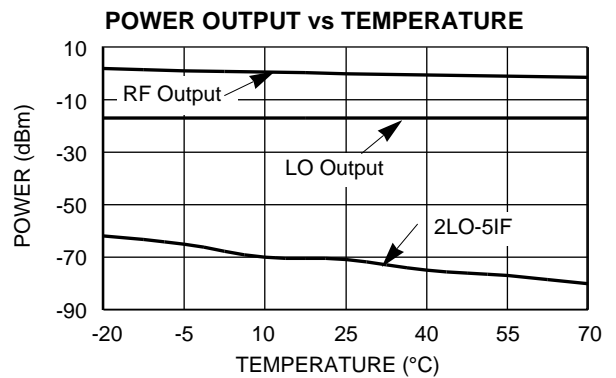
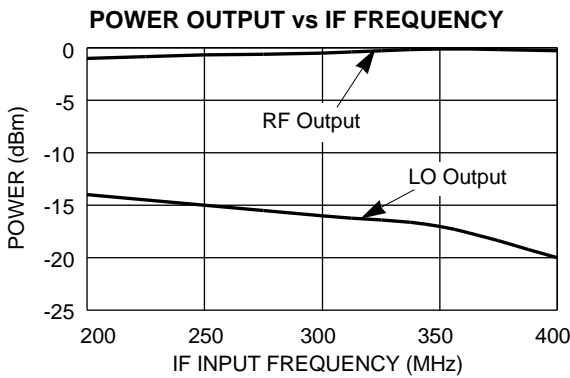
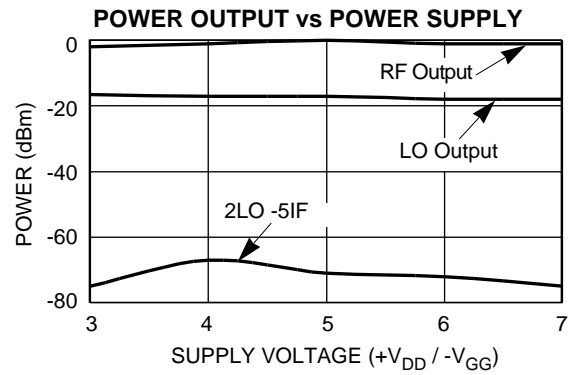
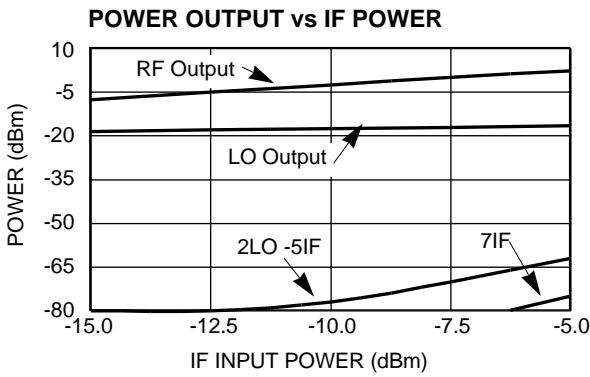
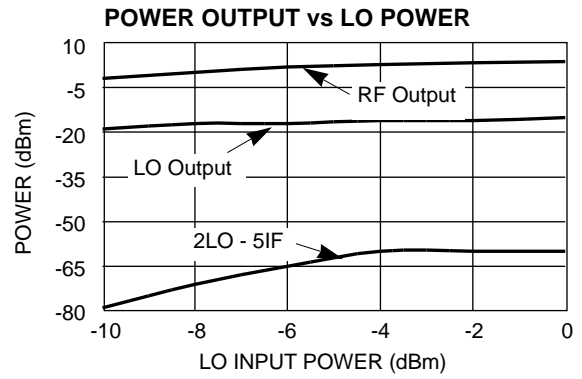
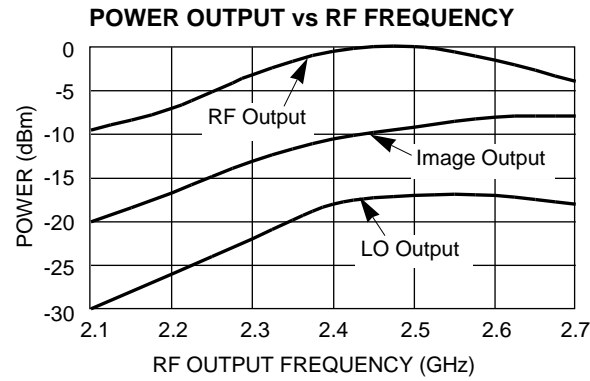
Typical Receiver Performance Characteristics¹



1. Test conditions (unless otherwise specified):
RF = 2.5 GHz, IF = 350 MHz, LO Input Power = -5 dBm (@ 2.15 GHz), $V_{DD} = +5 V$, $V_{GG} = -5 V$, $T_A = +25^{\circ}C$

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Typical Transmitter Performance Characteristics¹

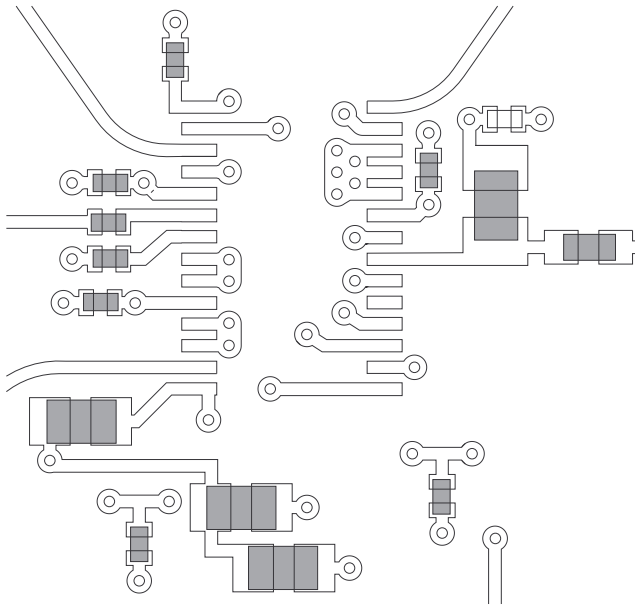


1. Test conditions (unless otherwise specified):
 RF = 2.5 GHz, IF = 350 MHz, LO Input Power = -5 dBm (@ 2.15 GHz), V_{DD} = +5 V, V_{GG} = -5 V, T_A = +25°C

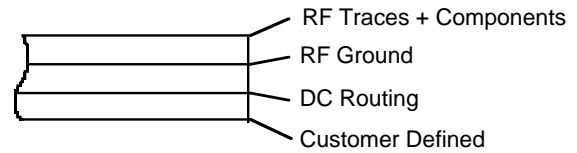
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**Recommended PCB Configuration
(for Single Ended Transmit IF)**

Layout View



Cross Section View

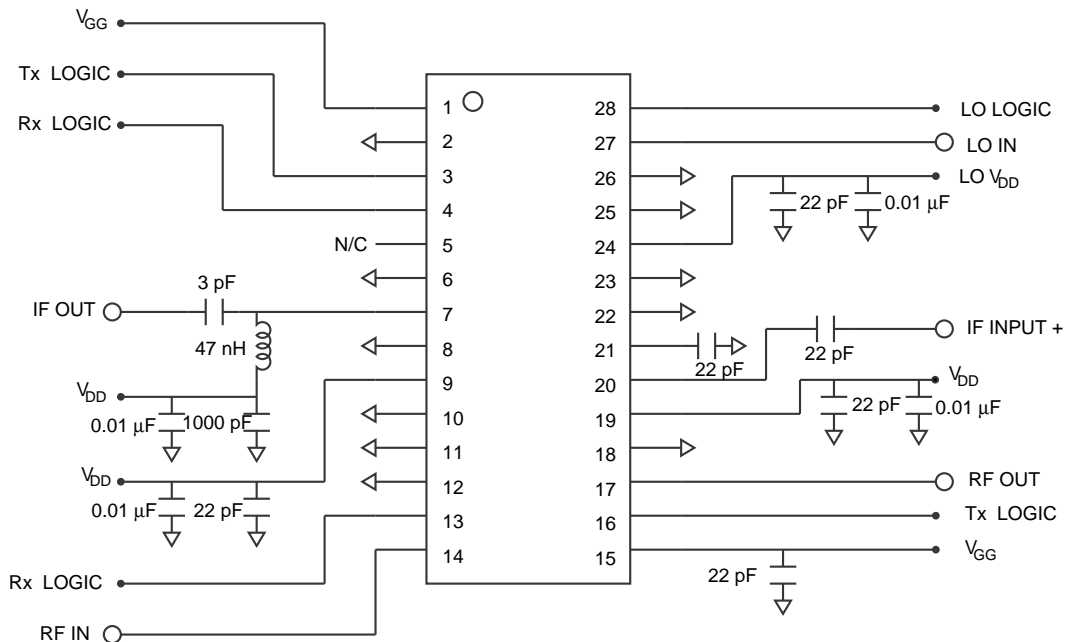


The PCB dielectric between RF traces and RF ground layers should be chosen to reduce RF discontinuities between 50-Ω lines and package pins. M/A-COM recommends an FR-4 dielectric thickness of 0.008 in. (0.2 mm), yielding a 50-Ω line width of 0.015 in. (0.38 mm). The recommended metalization thickness is 1 oz. copper.

Biasing Procedure

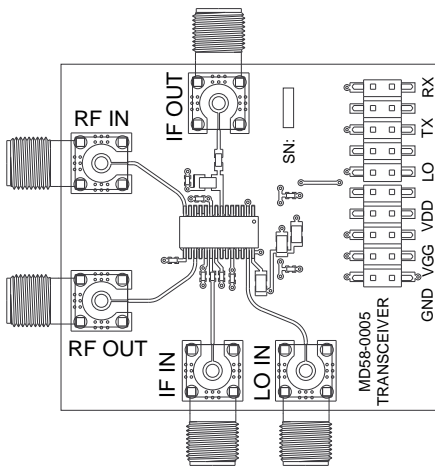
The MD58-0005 requires that V_{GG} bias be applied prior to **any** V_{DD} bias. Permanent damage may occur if this procedure is not followed.

External Circuitry

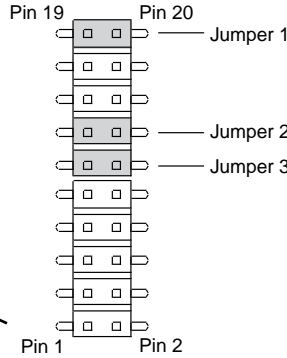


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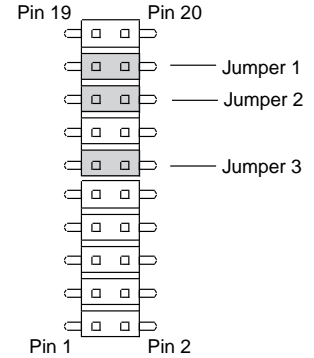
PCB DC Connector Jumper Settings



Jumpers (Position 1, Receive Mode)



Jumpers (Position 2, Transmit Mode)



Jumper 1 (Receive Control)

Position 1 = Receive Functions “On”
Position 2 = Receive Functions in “Sleep Mode”

Jumper 2 (Transmit Control)

Position 1 = Transmit Functions in “Sleep Mode”
Position 2 = Transmit Functions “On”

Jumper 3 (LO Control)

Position 1, Position 2 = LO Buffer Function “On,”
Remove Jumper to disable LO Buffer.

MD58-0005SMB Biasing Procedure

In order to prevent transients which may damage the MMIC, please adhere to the following procedure.

- Turn on all power supplies and set all voltages to 0 volts BEFORE connecting the power supplies to the DC connector.
- Connect pin 1 or 2 to ground.
- Set jumpers for desired test mode.
- Apply a -5.0 volt supply to DC connector pin 3 or 4 (V_{GG}).
- Apply a +5.0 volt supply to the DC connector pin 5 or 6 (V_{DD}).
- Adjust V_{GG} supply to -5 volts.
- Adjust all V_{DD} supplies to +5 volts.
- Hot switching of jumpers will not damage device.
- To power off, reverse above procedure.
 1. Set V_{DD} to 0 volts.
 2. Set V_{GG} to 0 volts.
 3. Disconnect bias lines from DC connector.
 4. Turn off power supplies.

Evaluation PCB and RF Connector Losses

| Port Reference | Approximate Loss (dB) |
|----------------|-----------------------|
| RF IN | 0.2 |
| RF OUT | 0.2 |
| IF IN | 0.1 |
| IF OUT | 0.1 |
| LO IN | 0.2 |

The DC connector on the Designer’s Kit PCB allows selection of all the device’s operating modes. It is accomplished by one or more of the following methods:

1. A mating female multi-pin connector (Newark Electronics Stock # 46F-4658, not included)
2. Wires soldered to the necessary pins (not included)
3. Clip leads (not included)
4. A combination of clip leads or wires and jumpers (jumpers included as required)

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